

Faculty of Mathematics and Physics
Charles University in Prague
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Graphics for Games

Lab 09.3 – UE₄ – Distance Field Techniques
(DFSS, DFAO)

Resources

Links 1

- [Signed Distance Field techniques explained](#)
 - This presentation contains slides from this
- [Quick incomplete overview](#)
- [SDF construction](#)
 - One way to do it

Signed (Mesh) Distance Field

Motivation

Raycasting is essential for many techniques, as we integrate visibility over angles.

=> We would like to have real-time sampling method for this... ideally lowering the number of raycast required.

Mesh distance field is a mesh approximation that speeds up (approximate) mesh raycasting + checking how far the ray missed the mesh; fully 3D technique.

Signed Distance Field

What it is? ([Wiki](#))

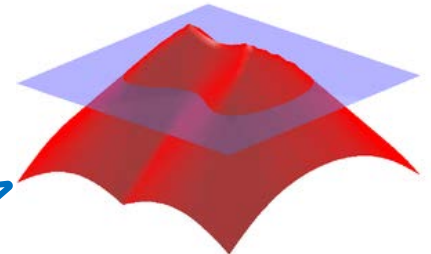
Signed Distance Field ~ 3D Signed Distance Function

In a nutshell, a function that gives you the distance to the nearest boundary point of the mesh for any given point within the space.

Once it's value is ≥ 0 , you know you're on the boundary / within the mesh.



Distance function
visualization of the blue
plane below



Our mesh

Signed Distance Field

What it is? ([Wiki](#))

Signed Distance Field ~ 3D Signed Distance Function

If Ω is a subset of a [metric space](#), X , with metric, d , then the *signed distance function*, f , is defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} d(x, \partial\Omega) & \text{if } x \in \Omega \\ -d(x, \partial\Omega) & \text{if } x \in \Omega^c \end{cases}$$

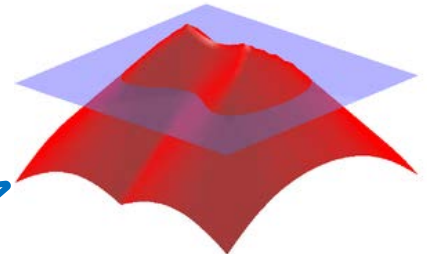
where $\partial\Omega$ denotes the [boundary](#) of Ω . For any $x \in X$,

$$d(x, \partial\Omega) := \inf_{y \in \partial\Omega} d(x, y)$$

where *inf* denotes the [infimum](#).



Distance function visualization of the blue plane below



Our mesh X

Distance Aided Ray Marching

Using SDF (taken from [NVScene](#) s. 23-29)

2. We have SDF available for the 2D space

3. Computed for those "meshes"

5. Thus we can skip portion of space with ray

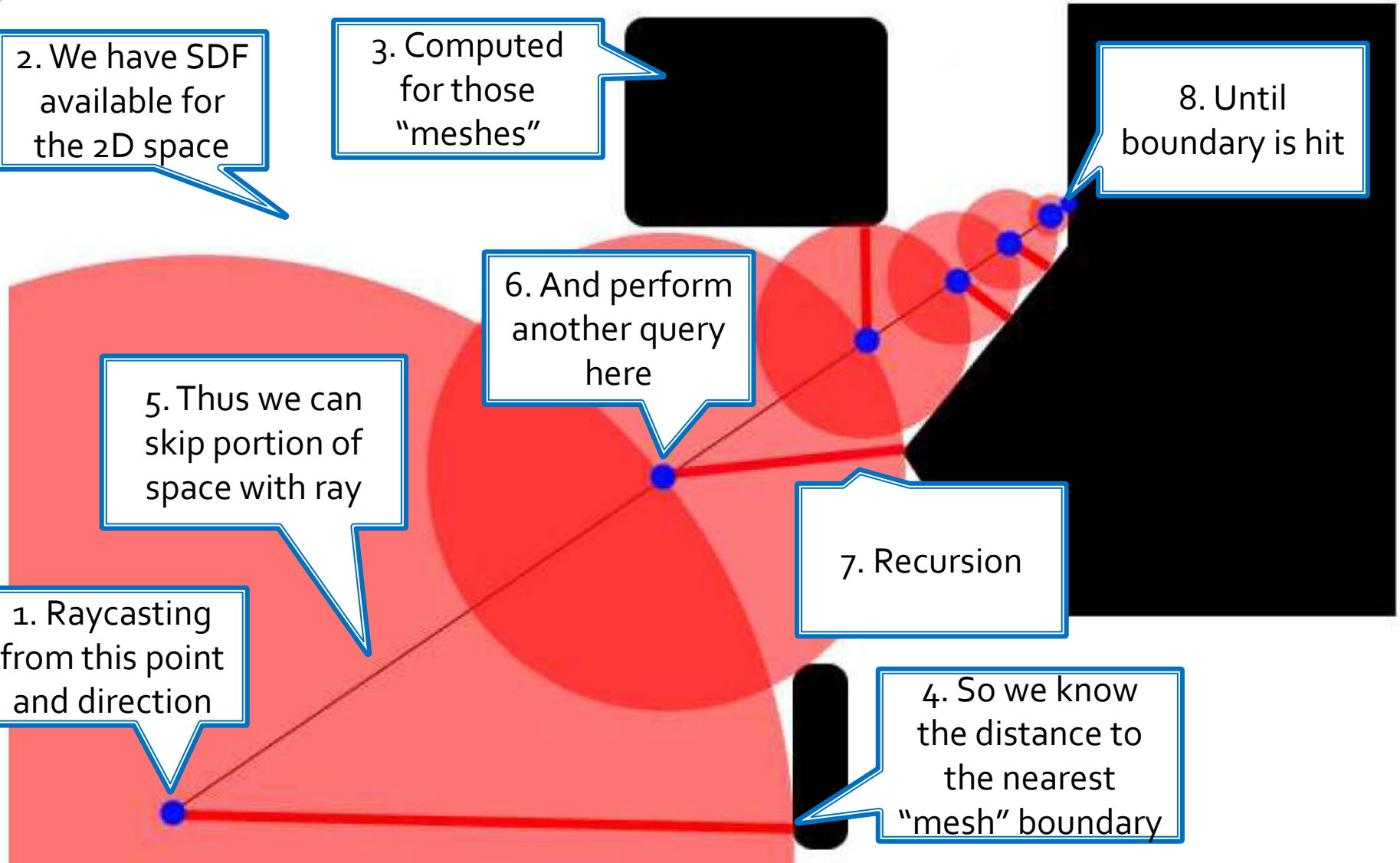
1. Raycasting from this point and direction

6. And perform another query here

7. Recursion

4. So we know the distance to the nearest "mesh" boundary

8. Until boundary is hit



Distance Aided Ray Marching

Detour to Raytracers

- Do not define the scene via meshes, define space SDF! SDF may contain nearest boundary point albedo / normals.
- => Easy way to apply complex transformations the mesh; [NVScene](#) s. 30-44

Distance Aided Ray Marching

Detour to Raytracers

```
float dist = distanceToColumn(p);
```

```
float twistedColumn( vec3 p )  
{  
    vec3 q = rotateY(p, p.y*1.7);  
    return distanceToColumn(q);  
}
```



Signed Distance Field

Real-time Application

- Distance Field Ambient Occlusion
 - View independent, robust to occluded objects
- Distance Field Soft Shadows
- Accurate SDF takes a lot of computation time / space
 - ⇒ Octree (GPU friendly) approximation

Distance Field Ambient Occlusion

UE4

- [Distance Field Ambient Occlusion](#)
- [Example video](#)
- Theory in [NVScene](#) s. 47-54
 - Be sure to visit!
- [Tim Hobson on DFAO](#), step by step
 - Be sure to visit!
- [How to enable in UE4](#)

Distance Field Soft Shadows

UE4

- [Distance Field Soft Shadows](#)
- [Example video](#)
- Theory in [NVScene](#) s. 55
- [Tim Hobson on DFSS](#), step by step
 - Be sure to visit!

Distance Field AO / SS

UE4 – More links

- [Tom Looman on DF](#) AO / SS in UE4
- [UE4 SIGGRAPH 2015 Presentation](#) on DF AO/SS